

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

preachers in Paris, where his funeral, it is said, shouts of God save the King, long live King had the honour of being attended by the king James. of England.

THE CURSE OF DESMOND.

- "That I've loved thee, my Kathleen, how well may I
- boast,
 For that love, a home, country and friends, I have lost;
 I have lost for that love, a proud Earl's domain—
 But oh! thus I'd lose all—again, and again!

- "That I're suffer'd, I care not—thou know'st that to me,
 "No grief would be bitter, save parting with thee;
 "But yet for the wrongs that our sons will sustain,
 "A deep deadly curse on my foes shall remain.
- "May the pride that has blasted us, still be their own, Make them hated while living—unwept for when goue: May the glory they covet, be but as a breath— "And their valour but lead them to ruin and death!"

Thus spoke Desmond's Earl—and sad was the day When he died—from the green isle he loved far away: On his kindred lay heavy the curse that he gave, Till the last of the Geraldines sunk in the grave!

ENTRY OF JAMES II. INTO DUBLIN.

It was on the 24th day of March, 1689, that James Stuart, the seventh of that ill-fated name who held the sceptre of Scotland, and the second who ruled England and Ireland, made his triumphal entry into the ancient city of Dublin.

Ireland had not seen a king of England on her shores since the days of John, and the one who now appeared, came, not on a visit of state, or merely to receive the homage due to his dignity, but to contest in arms, with his rival, this the only part of his dominions witch had adhered to him. For though the valour of the viscount of Dundee, the enthusiasm of such Highland clans as followed him to the field, and some troops dispatched by Tyrconnel from Ireland, served to make a consi derable diversion in favour of James, still it was evident that the majority of the people of Scotland were favourable to the revolution.

Every effort had been made by the leaders of the jacobite party, now the ruling one in Ireland, to give an imposing air to the entrance of their unhappy sovereign, into the only capital, which still hailed him as her king. The entire of the way leading from the place where exiled Royalty first came within the city, to the castle, was lined with soldiers; the streets themselves were newly sanded for the occasion; the balconies of the citizens were hung with tapestry and cloth of arras, and filled with all the loveliness and grace of a town, which, for female beauty, in comparison to its extent, has always, stood unrivalled.

In a carriage preceding the king, bearing the sword of state, sat Richard Talbot, Earl of Tyrconnel; James himself, mounted on a gallant charger, wearing the decorations of the garter, with the Earl of Granard, and Lord Powis on his right, and the Duke of Berwick, and Lord Melfort on his left, advanced amid the plaudits of the multitude.

On approaching that part of the town, called then, as it is now, the Liberty, a silken canopy was erected over the way, and here by far the most interesting part of the pageant appeared. Forty young and beautiful maidens, selected from the different convents in Dublin, clad in white silk, and bearing baskets filled with flowers in their hands, joined the procession; and walking immediately before His Majesty, strewed the contents of their baskets on his path, the rest of the way to the castle.

party among the mountains of Tralee. The bands of the different regiments played the well Earl died in exile at Rouen, in Normandy, and known jacobite tune, of "the king shall have his his body was interred in a Convent of Friars own again," while the people rent the air with

M. R.

ORIGINAL POETRY.

THE DEITY.

Thy way is in the sea, and thy paths in the great waters, and thy footsteps are not known."
Why hidest thou thy face from me?"—Psalms.

Tell me, ye seas that boundless roll, Ye ocean caves profound:
Hold ye creation's mighty soul,
A captive, prison-bound?
Are ye the dread shode
Of Him, the present God?

Hoarse murmured occan's heaving breast,
"He dwells not in our crystal caves—
He walks not on our pathless waves:
For Him they flow, for Him they rest:
His they are, and are to be,
Till Time o'ertake Eternity!"

Tell me, thou fiercely rushing wind, Ye cloudy halls on high; Hold ye creation's sovereign mind, A captive in the sky? Sits He in your dark abode, The thunder-crowned God.

Loud spake the voices of the storm—
"No home hath here creation's King!
He rides the wind on fiery wing
The thunders five His dread right arm;
For Him they speak—for Him ere still;
They own and work the Godhead's will!"

Answer me, thou, life-teeming Earth, And ye bright worlds above; Who sang creation's dawning birth— Hold ye the Lord of light and love: And are your burning rays, His glory's shadowed blaze?

Forth shouted Earth, forth sang each star, "Not here the great Jehovah's throne—Not here abides the Mighty One! We sing his praise from pole to pole, But hold not here creation's soul."

Mysterious Power! unconfined
By earth or heaven's decree:
Ah! how may mortals, fruil and blind,
Uplift their hope to thee?
Thick darkness robes thee round,
Where may'st thou, Lord, be found?

Then answered He the unseen mind—
"Go, mortal! span infinitude,
Or grasp the sun-beams blazing flood:
Go! stay the seas, or chain the wind,
They own they work their Maker's will:
Repent, adore, and be thou still!"

K. S. R.

LIFE LIKENESSES.

I stood and eyed a rushing stream
Speeding, like some uncertain dream,
Away, we know not where;
I mark'd gay foam-bells start in pride,
And glittering across it glide—
Light things of faithless air!
A breath play'd o'er the streamlet's face,
They perish'd in their whirling race.

Deep in a shaded mossy dell Jeep in a shaded mossy det, A fountain rose with gentle swell, Translucent and serene; Silent o'er its tranquillity I bent—a face smiled back on me, Where care had seldom been; Peace smoothed its youthful brow, its Beamed meekly with untroubled joy.

Beamed meekly with undoted Joy.

I thought on my own days of youth,
When mine were innocence and truth,
And hopes around me smiled;
I sigh'd—the fountain-mirror shook,
And changed was that bright vision's look,
Its features writhed and wild;
By turns grief, misery, despair,
Dark'ning like autumn-clouds, were there.

Dark ming like autumn-cooks, were not a stood upon the ocean's shore, Waveless it lay—hish'd was its roar—As some fair child may be, When the faint feeling of a dream Spreads o'er its cheek a smiling gleam—So slept that silent sea.

The storm-voice on its slumbers broke, The wild, the terrible, awoke.

'Twas midnight; on the deep blue sky
I gazed—ao cloud-speck met mine eye
Veiling the feeblest star;
Queen-like, amid her radiant train,
The bright moon o'er her wide domain
Was journeying afar:
But tempest gloom came rolling forth,
Black, bursting from the turbid North.

And such is Life's strange fifful dream—
A foam-bell on a rushing stream,
A fountain's placid form;
The calm smile of the tr-ach'rous sea,
The night-heaven's still solemnity
Ere wakes the maddening storm:
Hope's meteor lures, bursts, leaves our p
Beset with fears, and woes, and death!

W. M. HETHERINGTON.

THE LAUREL WREATH.

Let wayward lovers fret and pine, And brittle vows of fondness breathe; A nobler, purer love is mine— I languish for a laurel wreath. When youth and strength have pass'd: And rusts the sword within its sheath, "Its soothing to recal the day That crown'd us with a laurel wreath.

Long have I sought, by flood and field, A chaplet for this scar-seam'd brow; I toil in vain—my dilted shield And wounds are all my trophies now: Yet when I fall, write o'er my grave, A Roman noble rests beneath; His life was spent amids the brave—He lost it for—a laurel wreath!

THE LATTICE.

I loved to pass the lattice where,
There rose young voices on the air;
And three fair sisters wont to be,
Whose glad light laugh, and minstrelsy,—
And playful smiles, and braided hair—
Told of young hearts untouched by care.
There was one with brow as purely pale,
As the lily flower, which loves the vale;
But is sought and culled, when the radiant rose,
In its far seen bower unheeded shows:
Her's was a calm, and quiet smile,
Rosalia's was the check of rose,
The eye that flashes, lip that glows—
The bright and beaming witchery
Which once seen, haunts the memory.
The youngest had a dove-like face,
For which earth seemed no resting place.
They lov'd to gaze on the glad blue sky,
Oil 'tis when viewed through the crystal springs,
Of young, untam'd, imaginings;
And only then earth wears the hue,
It wore when the first pair roam'd it through:
As thus they viewed, their day rolled on,
Some new bliss shining o'er every one.

* * * *
How quickly in a southern clime,
The hours will glide unmarked by time-

As thus they riewed, their day rolled on, Some new bliss shining o'er every one.

* * * * *

How quicky in a southern clime,
The hours will glide unmarked by time:
Lovely the sound of the soft guitar,
In the orange groves of the climes afar;
But the land I left—its bowers shaded
Forms which ne'er from memory faded,
And when again I hailed that land,
My first thought was of their smiles so bland:
I could not rest for the three so fair—
And they soon were sought, and found—but where?
There was an aged and broad oak tree,
I key had played around in infancy;
None its foliage waved o'er a place of death—
Two sisters calmly slept beneath;
And one, was laid in a marble tomb,
Afar from those who had watch'd her bloom.
'Tis true I once had heard the tale,
Of how young Marian's cheek grew pale,
From the hour her lover left the shore,
The dark north-occan to explore—
Of how her bodings were not vain—
He never reached that shore again.
But she looked so calm, when it passed awhile,
Reflecting each fond sister's smile
So blandly—that, I could not trow
The canker-worm was at work below.
Rosalia wept, her tears were dired,
By a stately youth who bore his bride
Far from the scenes that would recall
The lost loved one, to his own fair hall;
And she was fondly cherished there—
A fairy form, worshipped where'er
Her footsteps strayed, for the dazzling glow
Of her wit, and her mirth's wild joyous flow;
But she too passed—the lofty tomb
Records the fate of her bright bloom:
The morn to her arms her first-born gave—
The nickt, saw her robed for the silent grave.
And she the last young lonely one,
Of: how they watched her every tone
And look, when first 'twas feared decay
Wis aiming at so fair a prey.